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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/964,581	09/28/2001	Yumiko Oyasato	212462US0RD	2398
22850	7590 03/26/2004		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			WYROZEBSKI LEE, KATARZYNA I	
	ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1714	
			DATE MAILED: 03/26/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/964,581	OYASATO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Katarzyna Wyrozebski Lee	1714				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 January 2004.						
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)☐ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 18 and 19 is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2,4-6,8-17 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 3 and 7 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	ndrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	cepted or b) objected to by the liderawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati ority documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	•				

In view of the applicant's amendment filed on 1/22/2004 following office action is final. The prior art of record is not overcome and rejections stated in the first office action on the merits are incorporated here by reference.

## Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of Group I in Paper Dated 8/22/2003 is acknowledged. The applicants argued in the response that the examiner has not shown or proven that the claims originally presented are patentably distinct.

With respect to the above argument examiner disagrees. With respect to the apparatus claim of Group II and control program of Group III are not the same as process or a composition and therefore cannot be adequately examined by the examiner who has no skill in such art. Mainly these types of claims are examined by entirely different art unit (in case of apparatus) and different tech center (in case of the control program). It is examiner's position that this response is more than sufficient reasons for holding the restriction. The restriction placed during the first office action on the merits is therefore final.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

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2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found

in a prior Office action.

3. Claims 1, 2, 4-6, 8-12, 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by

CASTLE (US 3,954,681).

The discussion of the disclosure of the prior art of CASTLE from paragraph 9 of the first

office action on the merits dated 8/22/2003 is incorporated here by reference.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found

in a prior Office action.

5. Claims 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over CASTLE

(US 3,954,681) in view of MUNZMAY (US 5,616,623).

The discussion of the disclosure of the prior art of CASTLE and MUNZMAY from

paragraph 13 of the first office action on the merits dates 8/22/2003 is incorporated here by

reference.

## Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 3 and 7 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The prior art of record does not teach step of monitoring the addition of decomposer until its content is reduced to less than 10 %. In fact, the prior art of CASTLE utilizes larger amounts of decomposing solvent (col. 6) so that the PU particles are uniformly dispersed. The prior art of MUNZMAY adds PU to large amount of already heated decomposing solvent, wherein the amount of solvent is greater than 10%.

The temperatures of the premixing or pre-kneading step of CASTLE are the same during the step of adding the decomposing solvent into the waste resin and are maintained through the reaction time and afterwards. CASTLE does not teach lowering of the temperature during the reaction time. MUNZMAY does not pre-heat its waste polymer.

- 7. In the response dated 1/22/2004 the applicants argued following:
- a) The prior art of CASTLE neither discloses not suggests the presently claimed invention.
   CASTLE does not teach pre-heating step, but heating of the polyurethane waste during milling step.

With respect to the above argument the examiner disagrees. The fact that the prior art of CASTLE does not specifically use term "pre-heating" that does not disqualify it as a prior art against present claims. The prior art of CASTLE uses milling as a means of heating the

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polyurethane waste to a temperature high enough to obtain the cohesive force. The polyurethane waste in the prior art of CASTLE is crumbled before it is subjected to milling. The devulcanizing step is then continued by addition of water or alcohol. The example I to which applicants refer utilizes temperature of 130°F to obtain a polyurethane waste in cohesive form. Then at temperature of 220-290°F with mixing for 15 minutes in presence of water the waste is devulcanized. Therefore the 15 minute time disclosed in line 36 of example 1 was not the time, which was spent pre-heating or obtaining cohesive force but the devulcanization time.

The applicants' claims are very broad and therefore allow any means of pre-heating the polyurethane waste. Therefore milling that is a source of heat qualifies. Furthermore term cohesive form, means that the polyurethane waste had to be heated, because it is softened.

b) Butanediol in Example III is not devulcanizing agent but curing agent.

Examiner agrees, however, this does not affect the rejection, since claims of the present invention do not recite butanediol. In addition specification of CASTLE still teaches use of alcohols as devulcanizing agents.

c) The MUNZMAY does not remedy deficiencies of CASTLE. Without present disclosure as a guideline one of ordinary skill in the art would not have combined the disclosures of CASTLE and MUNZMAY.

The applicants are correct with statement that the examiner relies on the prior art of MUNZMAY for disclosure of other compounds that would decompose polyurethane. With respect to the guidelines by which one of ordinary skill in the art would combine the prior art

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disclosures, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). The fact that both disclosures of MUNZMAY and CASTE deal with decomposition of polyurethane waste puts them in the same field of endeavor. Therefore finding obviousness does not require existence of express, written motivation to combine in prior art.

1. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Katarzyna Wyrozebski Lee whose telephone number is (571) 272-1127. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs 6:30 AM-4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on (571) 272-1119. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Katarzyna Wyrozebski Lee

Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1714

kiwl March 22, 2004